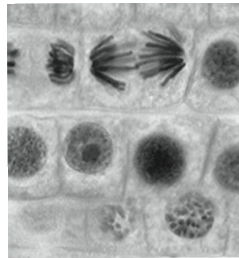


1 The diagram shows root cells undergoing cell division. The cells are at various stages of dividing.



1 (a) (i) Name the type of cell division that is shown in the diagram.

Mitosis [1 mark]

(1 mark)

1 (a) (ii) What happens to the genetic material before the cell divides?

Doubles/replicates/copies itself [1 mark]

(1 mark)

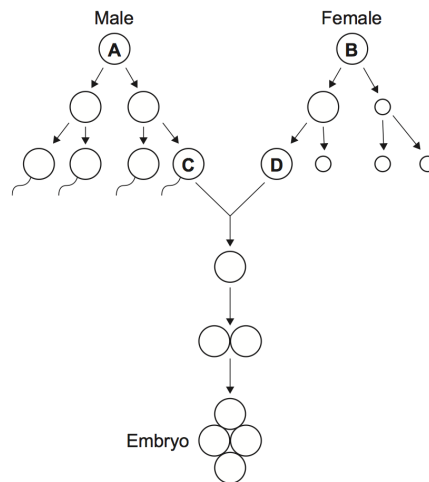
1 (a) (iii) Why is this type of cell division important for an organism?

Growth [1 mark]  
 Cell replacement or tissue repair [1 mark]  
 Asexual reproduction [1 mark]

Make sure you don't say 'repair cells'. Mitosis is for repairing tissue, not cells.

(2 mark)

1 (b) The diagram shows some types of cell division that happen during human reproduction.



1 (b) (i) Name the type of cell division that produces cell D from cell B.

Meiosis [1 mark]

(1 mark)

1 (b) (ii) Why is this type of cell division important in producing cell C or cell D?

Reduces or halves the number of chromosomes [1 mark]

Ensure the embryo/offspring have the correct or double set of chromosomes. [1 mark]

(2 mark)

1 (b) (iii) Meiosis and mitosis are different types of division in human cells. Compare the two processes by referring to where each takes place and the kind of products that are made.

**meiosis**

sexual

gametes

ovary or testes

half number  
of chromosomes

haploid or  
23 chromosomes

variation possible  
or not identical

4 cells produced

2 divisions

**mitosis**

asexual

growth

all other cells

same number  
of chromosomes

diploid or  
46 chromosomes

or no variation  
or identical

2 cells produced

1 division

This is a useful question to get under your belt as it could well be a 6 mark question. For this one, any five of the list will get you the marks.

(5 marks)